

### 1. Czasy przeszłe – PAST TENSES

#### **Simple Past**

I bought this car two years ago.

He went to America when he was a student.

They got married in 1999.

When did you write this letter?

How did you do that?

I didn't go out last night.

I wanted to be a teacher when I was young.

Did you go to school yesterday?

Did you water the plants last week?

Where did you buy that book?

#### **Simple Past Continuous**

I was reading a magazine when he came in.

What were you doing when the storm began?

We were having a party this time yesterday.

He was playing cards all evening.

I was studying all night.

She wasn't working between two and three p.m.

While I was cleaning, my mum was making dinner.

When I was taking a bath, the phone rang.

He cut himself while he was shaving.

What were you doing when I called you last night?

#### **Past Perfect**

I realized that I had seen the movie before.

By the time I got to the station, the train had left.

I had worked in the factory for ten years before it closed down.

Before we left home, we had eaten something.

As soon as I had written the test, I left the classroom.

By the time I reached my destination, I had run out of petrol.

### Chcesz uczyć się z nami angielskiego?

Quest for English





I waited for my friend till she had finished her work.

He refused to go till he had seen all the pictures.

After they had gone, I sat down and rested.

I got dressed after I had taken a bath.

#### Past Perfect Continuous

I was tired because I had been working since dawn.

We had been reading when the lights went off.

I had been sleeping for an hour before he woke me up.

The streets were wet as it had been raining all night.

I had been waiting for you for two hours when you finally arrived.

I knew that they had been talking about me.

I wasn't hungry because I had been snacking all afternoon.

He came home with a black eye because he had been fighting.

Her eyes were red because she had been crying.

By the time I arrived, all the guests had been dancing.

#### SIMPLE PAST

- opisywanie czynności wykonanych w przeszłości I bought some milk yesterday.
- opisywanie sytuacji w pewnym okresie w przeszłości Once I wanted to be a doctor but I didn't like studying.
- opisywanie nawyków i zwyczajów w przeszłości Everyday I went to the park.
- w pytaniach o czas wystąpienia danej czynności When did it happen?
- w narracji dotyczącej czasu przeszłego Then he took his coat and left without a word.







Okoliczniki czasu najczęściej występujące z czasem SIMPLE PAST (na końcu, lub na początku zdania):

yesterday – wczoraj

the day before yesterday – przedwczoraj

two days ago – dwa dni temu

three days/a week ago – trzy dni/tydzień temu

last week/month/year – w zeszłym tygodniu/miesiącu/roku

#### SIMPLE PAST CONTINUOUS

- opisywanie czynności trwającej w danym momencie w przeszłości
   At six I was taking a bath.
- opisywanie stopniowego rozwoju sytuacji w przeszłości
   It was getting dark.
- opisywanie czynności trwającej, przerwanej jednorazowym wydarzeniem w przeszłości
  - When I was reading, the lights went off.

    opisywanie czynności trwających jednocześnie w przeszłości
  - While I was studying, my roommate was reading magazines.
- opisywanie tła w narracji

  I entered the office and looked around. Most people were working at their desks. I

  found a secretary. She was pretending to write something when I asked her a question.

Okoliczniki czasu najczęściej występujące z czasem SIMPLE PAST CONTINUOUS (na końcu, lub na początku zdania):

yesterday at 4.00 – wczoraj o godzinie czwartej this time yesterday – wczoraj o tej porze all morning/evening – cały ranek/wieczór those days – tamtymi czasy at that time – o tamtej porze then – wtedy







#### PAST PERFECT

- dla czynności lub zdarzenia dokonanego przed innym zdarzeniem w przeszłości: I heard that you had taken my umbrella.
- po wyrażeniach:

It was the first time ...

It was the second time ...

It was the third time ...

It was the best ...

It was the worst ...

Czasu PAST PERFECT używamy jedynie wtedy, kiedy opowiadamy o zdarzeniach w kolejności innej niż chronologiczna. Wtedy czas ten sygnalizuje, że dane zdarzenie nastapiło przed innymi zdarzeniami w czasie przeszłym.

By the time I got to the cinema, the movie had already started.

The oak tree, which had stood here for years, suddenly crushed to the ground.

Jeśli natomiast opowiadamy o zdarzeniach w kolejności chronologicznej, używamy czasu SIMPLE PAST.

She heard some voices and realized that there was somebody in her house. We set out as soon as we found/had found the map.

#### PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS

- dla czynności lub zdarzenia dokonanego przed innym zdarzeniem w przeszłości, jeżeli chcemy podkreślić trwanie tej czynności
  - He had been waiting for her two hours then he left.
- dla czynności trwającej nieprzerwanie w przeszłości aż do momentu rozpoczęcia drugiej czynności
  - I had been walking for an hour then I took a taxi.
- dla powtarzającej się czynności w przeszłości I had been trying to get in touch with my schoolmate.
- wskazanie skutów określonej czynności w przeszłości I was tired. I had been working hard all day. The streets were full of water. It had been raining heavily.











### ĆWICZENIA

[6]	Przeczytaj poniższy tekst. Czasowniki w nawiasach zamień odpowiednio na czasy							
Simple	e Past, Simple Past Continuous.							
When	I (enter) the place, I (see) an empty hall with a lot of							
doors.	Some voices (go) up and down at a distance. Suddenly, a piercing							
sound	(strike) my ears and in a second a human wave (run)							
toward	ls me. Open mouths (shout), hands (push), and legs (kick)							
	down and all my things (fall) out. When I (try)							
	to pick up my things, someone (step) on my favourite pen							
and (ca	rush) up, ready to scream, when							
sudder	nly I (hear) the same piercing sound and the crowd (vanish)							
	behind the doors and the hall (go) silent again.							
Can yo	ou guess where I was?							
[7]	I came home yesterday evening and here is what I found.							
Try to find out what had happened before:								
	my daughter was crying							
	there was no fish in the aquarium							
	the fridge was empty							
	the dog was hiding under the chair							
	my husband was furious							
	the vase was broken							
	my son's face was painted black							









	my clothes were scattered all over the floor
	the carped was covered with honey
	there was blood in the bathroom
	the cat was sleeping peacefully
	the stove was on fire
[8]	Przetłumacz poniższe zdania na język angielski.
·	ulubiony kubek spadł na ziemię i rozbił sie na drobne kawałki.
2. Mój	pies wykopał dziurę w ogrodzie i zakopał w niej swoją kość.
3. Mój	mąż jeździł do pracy swoim samochodem, a ja szłam pieszo.
4. Czy	pojechałaś do Krakowa wczoraj? Jak było?
5. Wcz	oraj było naprawdę zimno. O mało nie zamarzłam na kość, kiedy szłam do domu.
6. Kied	ły pojechałam na zakupy, kupiłam żarówki energooszczędne i szybkowar.
7. Zani drzwia	
8. Zesz mnie.	łej nocy około północy, kiedy twardo spałam, moja komórka zadzwoniła i obudziła
	n wysypkę. Wczoraj czułam się okropnie, ale zaaplikowałam sobie maść i przestało eć.







10. Wczoraj w pracy Paweł miał na sobie luźne spodnie, koszulę z krótkimi rękawami, trampki i kurtkę sportową						
[9] Zamień czasowniki w nawiasach na formy odpowiednich czasów przeszłych.  Przetłumacz podane zdania.						
1. A young fellow (deliver)						
2. When the racing car (turn) the corner, one of the rear wheels (come) loose.						
3. She (demonstrate)						
4. They (move)						
5. When I (walk) in the rain I (see) a beautiful rainbow.						
6. When I (hear) the voice, I immediately (investigate) it.						









7. While we (watch) the play, an usher (come) over to us to check our tickets.													
	cneck our tickets.												
	maintenance man (replace) the broken window, a												
	into the room.												
9. The firm (c	do) business when the fire inspectors (order) the management to stop.												
10. While the	e farmers (plant) crops, a windstorm (strike)												
11. I (work) .													
12. As people	e (begin) to leave their seats, the pianist (announce) an encore.												
[10] Rozwi	riń podane fakty w opowiadanie o historii życia Matki — Teresy oraz Mat	rilyn											
Mother Te	eresa												
1910	- born in Skopje												
1928	- Dublin - nun												
1928-1946	- schoolteacher in Calcutta												









1946	- decision to live and wor	k among	the homeless in
Calcutta, 1	permission to	leave the con	vent
1979	- Nobel peace príze		
••••			
•••••			
Marilyn M	onroe (Norma Jean Baker)		
1926	- born in Los Angeles		
1935	- orphanage		
1942	- married for the first tin	ne	
1950	- Hollywood career		
1961	- third divorce (Arthur I	Miller)	
1962	- mysterious death (suicio	de???)	
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#### KLUCZ

[6]

When I entered the place, I saw an empty hall with a lot of doors. Some voices were going up and down at a distance. Suddenly, a piercing sound struck my ears and in a second a human wave was running towards me. Open mouths were shouting, hands were pushing, and legs were kicking. When I was struggling my way to the wall, my bag fell down and all my things fell out. When I was trying to pick up my things, someone stepped on my favourite pen and crushed it. I stood up, ready to scream, when suddenly I heard the same piercing sound and the crowd vanished behind the doors and the hall went silent again.

Can you guess where I was? I was at school.

[8]

- 1. My favourite mug fell down on the floor and broke to smithereens.
- 2. My dog dug a hole in the garden/yard and buried his bone in it.
- 3. My husband drove to work in his car and I walked/went on foot.
- 4. Did you go to Cracow yesterday? How was it?
- 5. It was really cold yesterday. I nearly froze to death when I walked home.
- 6. When I went shopping, I bought energy-saving light bulbs and a pressure cooker.
- 7. Before I went to bed, I cleaned the windows, waxed the floor and I oiled the door hinges.
- 8. Last night around midnight, when I was sound asleep, my cell phone rang and woke me up.
- 9. I have a rash. Yesterday I felt terrible, but I put on some ointment and it stopped itching.
- 10. Yesterday Paul wore slacks, a short-sleeve shirt, sneakers and a sports jacket at work.

Quest for English







[9]

1. delivered; was entertaining

Młody chłopak dostarczył telegram Markowi, podczas gdy tamten zabawiał swoich znajomych.

2. was turning; came

Kiedy samochód wyścigowy brał zakręt, jedno z tylnych kół obluzowało się.

3. was demonstrating; tripped; fell

Ona pokazywała krok taneczny, kiedy potknęła się o dywanik i upadła na ziemię.

4. were moving; started

Oni przenosili moje meble do odkrytej ciężarówki, kiedy zaczęło padać.

5. was walking; saw

Kiedy spacerowałam po deszczu zobaczyłam piękną tęczę.

6. heard; investigated

Kiedy usłyszałem głos natychmiast to zbadałem (poszukałem skąd pochodzi).

7. were watching; came

Podczas, kiedy oglądaliśmy sztukę podszedł do nas pracownik obsługi, aby skontrolować nasze bilety.

8. was replacing; flew

Podczas, kiedy pracownik serwisu wymieniał rozbite okno, wróbel wleciał do pokoju.

9. was doing; ordered

Firma prowadziła interesy kiedy inspektoprzy przeciwpożarowi rozkazali zarządowi zaniechać działań.

10. were planting; struck

Kiedy rolnicy sadzili zboża, zerwała się wichura.

11. was working; invited

Pracowałam nad moim zeznaniem podatkowym kiedy moi przyjaciele zaprosili mnie na kawę.

12. were beginning; announced

Kiedy ludzie zaczynali opuszczać swoje miejsca, pianista rozpoczął grać na bis.

